

## GEOGRAPHY (REVISION TEST)

*Time Allowed: 90 Min.**Max. Marks: 100*

Q.	Marks	<i>Instructions to Candidate</i>
1.		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• There are <b>10 questions</b>.</li><li>• All questions are compulsory.</li><li>• The number of marks carried by a question is indicated against it.</li><li>• Answer the questions in 150 words each. All questions carry equal marks. <span style="float: right;">10 x 10 = 100 Marks</span></li><li>• Keep the word limit indicated in the questions in mind.</li><li>• Answers must be written within the space provided.</li><li>• Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.</li></ul>
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10		
<b>Total Marks</b>		
<i>Name:</i>		_____
<i>Roll No.:</i>		_____
<i>Mobile No.:</i>		_____
<i>Date:</i>		_____
<i>Signature:</i>		_____
<i>Mode of Exam:</i>		_____

**Mention any doubt or query that you have regarding your copy for our mentors/ evaluators**

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1. *Evaluation Date* \_\_\_\_\_

2. *Evaluator's Signature* \_\_\_\_\_

# REMARKS

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## **GEOGRAPHY (REVISION TEST)**

*Time Allowed: 90 Mins.*

*Max. Marks: 100*

1. The Indian Ocean is not only a source of disastrous tsunamis and cyclones, it is also a source of some untapped mineral and energy resources. Elucidate.
2. DRIP (Dam Safety Rehabilitation and Improvement Project (DRIP) will pave the way towards dam safety and management which is critical for surrounding areas and downstream communities. Discuss.
3. Will National Interlinking of Rivers Authority (NIRA) solve the longstanding issues and challenges in the implementation of the river interlinking projects in India keeping in view their multidimensional benefits? Analyse.
4. Greater Maldivian Ridge (GMR) might provide evidence for understanding the evolution of the Indian Ocean basin. Analyze.
5. India is going through an energy crisis phase and we need a sustainable strategy to achieve the twin objectives of energy security and environmental security. Comment.
6. Explain the significance of El Niño-Southern Oscillation (ENSO) cycle and projected futuristic changes in it as CO<sub>2</sub> concentration increases. Also, discuss the resulting changes in the pattern of Indian Monsoon.
7. In India there are many caves and caverns found in different areas. What were the conditions under which these caves formed and can these caves be included in classic Karst topography? Discuss.
8. Why is the fishing industry more developed in North American and European countries? Suggest measures to make this industry environmentally sustainable in India.
9. How does the distribution of natural vegetation affect the location of timber industries around the world? Give suitable examples.
10. Himalayas are young fold mountains and they are still rising. Are they sinking too? Discuss. Also, explain the principle that can tell about the equilibrium of such massive mountains.





**Q1. The Indian Ocean is not only a source of disastrous tsunamis and cyclones, it is also a source of some untapped mineral and energy resources. Elucidate.**  
**(10 Marks) (150 Words)**

**Remarks**

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**Feedback (for office use only)**

1. Clarity:

2. Relevance:

3. Depth:

4. Structure:

**Q2. DRIP (Dam Safety Rehabilitation and Improvement Project (DRIP) will pave the way towards dam safety and management which is critical for surrounding areas and downstream communities. Discuss. (10 Marks) (150 Words)**

***Remarks***

**Feedback (for office use only)**

1. Clarity:

2. Relevance:

3. Depth:

4. Structure:



**Q3. Will National Interlinking of Rivers Authority (NIRA) solve the longstanding issues and challenges in the implementation of the river interlinking projects in India keeping in view their multidimensional benefits? Analyse. (10 Marks) (150 Words)**

***Remarks***

**Feedback (for office use only)**

1. Clarity:

2. Relevance:

3. Depth:

4. Structure:

**Q4. Greater Maldiva Ridge (GMR) might provide evidence for understanding the evolution of the Indian Ocean basin. Analyze. (10 Marks) (150 Words)**

**Remarks**

**Feedback (for office use only)**

1. Clarity:

2. Relevance:

3. Depth:

4. Structure:

**Q5. India is going through an energy crisis phase and we need a sustainable strategy to achieve the twin objectives of energy security and environmental security. Comment.  
(10 Marks) (150 Words)**

***Remarks***

**Feedback (for office use only)**

1. Clarity:

2. Relevance:

3. Depth:

4. Structure:

**Q6. Explain the significance of El Nino-Southern Oscillation (ENSO) cycle and projected futuristic changes in it as CO2 concentration increases. Also, discuss the resulting changes in the pattern of Indian Monsoon. (10 Marks) (150 Words)**

***Remarks***

**Feedback (for office use only)**

1. Clarity:

2. Relevance:

3. Depth:

4. Structure:



**Q7. In India there are many caves and caverns found in different areas. What were the conditions under which these caves formed and can these caves be included in classic Karst topography? Discuss. (10 Marks) (150 Words)**

**Remarks**

**Feedback (for office use only)**

1. Clarity:

2. Relevance:

3. Depth:

4. Structure:

**Q8. Why is the fishing industry more developed in North American and European countries?  
Suggest measures to make this industry environmentally sustainable in India.  
(10 Marks) (150 Words)**

***Remarks***

**Feedback (for office use only)**

1. Clarity:

2. Relevance:

3. Depth:

4. Structure:

**Q9. How does the distribution of natural vegetation affect the location of timber industries around the world? Give suitable examples. (10 Marks) (150 Words)**

***Remarks***

**Feedback (for office use only)**

1. Clarity:

2. Relevance:

3. Depth:

4. Structure:

**Q10. Himalayas are young fold mountains and they are still rising. Are they sinking too? Discuss. Also, explain the principle that can tell about the equilibrium of such massive mountains. (10 Marks) (150 Words)**

***Remarks***

**Feedback (for office use only)**

1. Clarity:

2. Relevance:

3. Depth:

4. Structure: